## Paper / Subject Code: 44306 / Financial Services Management

Maximum Marks: 75	Duration: 2 1/2 Hrs.
All questions are compulsory carrying 15 marks each.	
Q1.a. Fill in the blanks (Any 8)	(8)
1. Depository is an organisation where the securities of an inves	
-a. Physical Form b. Script Form c. Electronic Form	
2. A combination of forwards by two counter parties with oppos	site but matching needs is
called	
a. Swap b. Option c. Forward	
3. The merchant bankers should register with	
a. RBI b. SEBI & Central Government	
4. The process of managing the sales ledger of a client by a final	ncial service company is
called	
a. Forfeiting b. Factoring c. Leasing	
5. funds do not carry any credit risk	1944
a. Leverage fund b. Gilt fund c. Equity fund	
6. is the umbrella body of all the Mutual Funds re	gistered with SEBI
a. AMFI b. AMC c. AMBI	
7 is the entity through which the securitization tra	ansaction is actually operated
a. SPV b Originator c. Seller	
8. is a process by which physical share certification	ates of an investor are
converted into electronic form	
Dematerialization & Rematerialization c. Depository	
9. When there is no security offered by the consumer against wh	nich money is granted by
financial institutions it is called as	
a. Cash loan b-Unsecured finance c. Fixed Credit	
10. DP stands for	
a. Depository Participant b. Depository Partner c. Deposito	ry Panel
Q1.b. State True or False(Any 7)	(7)
1. The term consumer credit refers to a transfer of wealth	
2. The most common method of public issue is through private p	placements
3. Merchant banking do the business of banking also	
4. Custodial service is provided to foreign investors	
5. In India, RBI regulates the functioning of the mutual fund	¥
6. Forfeiting is nothing but international factoring	
7. Securitization can be used as tool to improve the balance shee	et by bringing out necessary
changes in the capital adequacy norms	
8. Forward contracts can be traded only in organised exchanges	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
9. Depository system provides liquidity in the Capital Market	
10. Mutual Fund is a financial intermediary	

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Q2.a. What are the challenges faced by financial service sector in India	(8)
b. Distinguish between Commercial Banks and Merchant banks	(7)
OR	
c. Define Merchant banking and explain various services offered by merchant ban	kers(8)
d. Distinguish between fund based and non -fund based financial services	(7)
Q3.a. Explain various types of mutual fund	(8)
b. What is export factoring? Explain its various types	(7)
OR	
c. Explain the advantages and disadvantages of Mutual Fund	(8)
d. What is factoring and explain its modus operandi	(7)
그 이 모양이 되는 어머니는 이 등은 이 강에 있어 된다. 일반 이야기 사람이 사람이 사람이 사람이 되었다.	
Q4a. Discuss the reasons for unpopularity of securitization	(8)
b. Explain the concept of options along with its characteristics	(7)
OR	
c. What are securitization assets? Write are the benefits of securitization	(8)
d Compare forward and future contract	(7)
Q5a. Explain various sources of housing finance in India	(8)
b. What are the various sources of consumer finance	(7)
OR	
c. Short notes (any 3)	(15)
a. NSDL	
b. Pledge	
c. Innovative Financial Instruments	
d. Net Asset Value(NAV)	
e. National Housing Bank(NHB)	

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