Karnataka Sangha's MANJUNATHA COLLEGE OF COMMERCE & JUNIOR COLLEGE OF COMMERCE Preliminary Exam- I

Subject: Economics

D	ate : 14.12.2019 Time: 3 Hrs			
C	Class: S.Y.J.C Marks: 80			
Q.1 A)	Fill in the blanks using proper alternative giving the brackets:			
1.	Micro Economics is a study of			
	(Whole Economy, General price level, National Output, Individual Economic unit)			
2.	. The Slope of demand curse isin the case of relatively inelastic demand.			
	(Flatter, Steeper, Horizontal, Vertical)			
3.	. The book the General theory of Employment, "Interest and Money" was written by			
	(Marshall, Keynes, Smith, Ricardo)			
4.	4. The primary functions of commercial Banks is to			
	(Purchase & Sales securities, Accept deposits provide safe deposit vaults, issue letter of credit)			
5.	5. During depressionbudget is preferable.			
	(Balance, Surplus, Deficit, Zero)			

B) Match the following:

Group A		Group B	
а	Demand and Price	1	Interest
b	Stock	2	Profit
с	Reward of capital	3	Reserve Bank of India
d	Unemployment allowance	4	Bank of India
e	Central Bank	5	Direct Relation
		6	Potential supply
		7	Transfer income
		8	Inverse Relation

C) State whether the following statements are True or False :

- 1. Adam Smith is known as "Father of Economics".
- 2. Better transport facility increase supply at the same price.
- 3. Under perfect competition price is determined by equilibrium of Demand & supply.
- 4. Token coins are such coins whose face value is greater than their intrinsic value.
- 5. Central Bank acts as a lender of the last resort.
- 6. Budget is not prepared for each and every year.

Q.2 A) Define or Explain the following Concepts: (Any 3)

- 1. Individual Demand
- 2. Unitary Elastic Demand
- 3. Central Bank
- 4. Service Utility
- 5. Bank Rate
- 6. Macro Economics

B) Give Reasons or Explain the following: (Any 3)

- 1. All desires are not demand.
- 2. A monopolist can control the supply of goods.
- 3. The supply of land is inelastic.
- 4. Paid services are included in national income.
- 5. Macroeconomics is the study if aggregates.
- 6. During the period of depression deficits budgets is used.

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Q.3 A) Distinguish between the following: (Any 3)

- 1. Micro Economics & Macro Economics
- 2. From Utility & Time Utility
- 3. Increase in demand & Decrease in demand
- 4. Central Bank & Commercial Bank
- 5. Metallic Money & Paper Money
- 6. Land & Capital

B) Write short notes: (Any 2)

- 1. Giffen paradox2. Types of capital
- 3. E-Banking Facility 4. Types of Loan

Q.4 Answer the following questions: (Any 3)

- 1. What are the features of perfect competition?
- 2. Explain features of Utility.
- 3. Explain law of demand.
- 4. Explain features of National Income.
- 5. What are the types of Budget?
- 6. What are the determinants of aggregate demand?

Q.5 State with reason whether you 'agree' or disagree' with the following statements: (Any 3) 12

- 1. There are no exceptions to the law of demand.
- 2. Law of diminishing Marginal Utility is important in practice.
- 3. There are many features of labour.
- 4. Central bank has the sole power of issuing currency notes.
- 5. Overdraft facility is not provided to the current account holders.
- 6. Money performs various functions.

Q.6 Write explanatory answers: (Any 2)

- 1. What are types of price elasticity of demand?
- 2. Explain the law of DMU with assumption.
- 3. Explain the practical difficulties involve in the estimation of National Income.
- 4. Explain Keynesian "Psychological law of consumption".

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